

USCF ETF TRUST

USCF Dividend Income Fund (UDI)

Supplement dated June 30, 2025
to the Prospectus dated October 30, 2024

Principal U.S. Listing Exchange: NYSE Arca, Inc.

This Supplement provides new and additional information beyond that contained in the Prospectus of USCF Dividend Income Fund (the “Fund”) and should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus.

Effective June 30, 2025 (the “Effective Date”), Gregory Powell, PhD, will no longer serve as portfolio manager for the Fund and all references to Mr. Powell will be removed in their entirety. Mr. Powell announced his planned retirement from Miller/Howard Investments, Inc. (the “Sub-Adviser”). Adam Fackler, CFA, a Portfolio Manager for the Sub-Adviser, will assume the role of Chief Investment Officer for the Sub-Adviser on the Effective Date.

In addition, on the Effective Date, Mr. Fackler and Michael Roomberg, CFA, a Portfolio Manager for the Sub-Adviser, will each begin serving as a portfolio manager for the Fund. John (“Jack”) E. Leslie III, CFA, will continue to serve as portfolio manager for the Fund alongside Messrs. Fackler and Roomberg.

Accordingly, on the Effective Date, the Fund’s Prospectus will be revised as follows:

The following is added to the subsection of the Prospectus titled “FUND SUMMARY—USCF DIVIDEND INCOME FUND—Portfolio Managers”:

Adam Fackler, CFA, the Chief Investment Officer and a Portfolio Manager for the Sub-Adviser, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since June 2025.

Michael Roomberg, CFA, a Portfolio Manager for the Sub-Adviser, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since June 2025.

The following replaces in their entirety the second and third paragraphs of the section of the Prospectus titled “PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT”:

The members of the team primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund’s portfolios are Adam Fackler, CFA, John (“Jack”) E. Leslie III, CFA, and Michael Roomberg, CFA.

Adam Fackler, CFA, oversees Miller/Howard Investments’ portfolio management team as Chief Investment Officer. Mr. Fackler is the designated lead or co-lead Portfolio Manager on the firm’s core strategies. Mr. Fackler joined Miller/Howard Investments in 2016. Prior to being named Chief Investment Officer, he served as Deputy Chief Investment Officer, and he focused on infrastructure companies including utilities, telecommunications, and midstream energy/master limited partnerships (MLPs). Previously, Adam spent 10 years in equity research, including five years at Rodman & Redshaw, KLR Group, and MLV & Co. where he covered exploration & production companies and MLPs. Adam holds a BS in Business Administration with a minor in Economics from Bucknell University.

Michael Roomberg, CFA, serves as a portfolio manager of Miller/Howard Investments. Mr. Roomberg focuses on diversified, dividend-paying stocks as well as the energy sector. Mr. Roomberg joined Miller/Howard Investments in 2013. Before joining Miller/Howard, Mr. Roomberg served as head of water/infrastructure equity research at Ladenburg Thalmann & Co. and on Jefferies’ Industrials equity research team. He began his career as a research associate at Boenning & Scattergood Inc. Mr. Roomberg earned his BA in International Relations, Economics, and Finance from the University of Wisconsin-Madison. He holds an MBA from the McDonough School of Business, Georgetown University.

The Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the portfolio managers’ compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers, and the portfolio managers’ ownership of shares in the Fund.

Please retain this supplement for future reference.

Prospectus

**USCF Dividend Income Fund
NYSE Arca: UDI**

October 30, 2024

USCF ETF TRUST

*Principal U.S. Listing Exchange: NYSE Arca, Inc. (“NYSE Arca”)

THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (“SEC”) HAS NOT APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

INVESTMENT PRODUCTS • ARE NOT FDIC INSURED • MAY LOSE VALUE • ARE NOT BANK GUARANTEED

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FUND SUMMARY — USCF DIVIDEND INCOME FUND

Investment Objective

The primary investment objective of the USCF Dividend Income Fund (the “Fund”) is to seek a high level of current income. As a secondary objective, the Fund seeks growth of income.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. **Investors may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table or example below.** The fees and expenses are expressed as a percentage of the Fund’s average daily net assets.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (*expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment*)

Management Fees ⁽¹⁾	0.65%
Other Expenses	0.00%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.65%

(1) *The Fund pays USCF Advisers LLC (the “Adviser”) an annual unitary management fee based upon the Fund’s average daily net assets at the rate set forth above. The Adviser is responsible for all expenses of the Fund except expenses for taxes and governmental fees; brokerage fees; commissions and other transaction expenses; costs of borrowing money, including interest expenses; securities lending expenses; extraordinary expenses (such as litigation and indemnification expenses); and fees and expenses of any independent legal counsel.*

Example

The following example is intended to help investors compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

It illustrates the hypothetical expenses that investors would incur over various periods if they were to invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then sell all of the shares at the end of those periods. This example assumes that the Fund provides a return of 5% per year and that operating expenses remain the same. This example does not include the brokerage commissions that investors may pay to buy and sell shares of the Fund. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
\$66	\$208	\$362	\$810

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities or financial instruments (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate will cause the Fund to incur additional transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, may affect the Fund’s performance. Importantly, this rate excludes the value of the portfolio holdings received or delivered as a result of in-kind creations or redemptions of the Fund’s shares. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 28% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund is an actively managed exchange-traded fund (“ETF”). The Fund seeks a high level of current income and, as a secondary objective, growth of income, by investing in U.S. exchange-traded dividend-paying and dividend-growth companies that meet the Fund’s environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) criteria. The Fund may also invest in U.S. exchange-traded equity securities of issuers domiciled outside the U.S., including American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”). The Fund may also invest in real estate investment trusts (“REITs”), with a typical sector limit of 25% or two times the weight in the Russell 1000 Value Index, whichever is greater. The Fund invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in dividend-paying equity securities and in other instruments that have economic characteristics similar to such securities.

Miller/Howard Investments, Inc. (the “Sub-Adviser”), serves as the Fund’s sub-adviser and manages the Fund’s investments. The Fund primarily utilizes a bottom-up fundamental research process to evaluate companies, and uses quantitative research to identify and compare potential candidates for further fundamental review. Fundamental research is based on reviewing primary source documents, such as SEC filings, company presentations, meetings with management, industry conferences, and engagement with industry experts and analysts as well as third-party research.

The Fund assesses companies based on a number of key metrics, including dividend yield, prospects for dividend growth, balance sheet strength, dividend coverage, and low valuations. In evaluating potential portfolio companies for investment, the Fund will consider the company’s liquidity (generally selecting companies with average daily trading value greater than \$30 million) and market capitalization (generally selecting companies with market capitalization greater than \$4 billion). The Fund will also consider the company’s ownership, public float, and corporate structure, and the company’s financial characteristics, business model, valuation, and management and board members. To be considered as potential Fund investments, such companies will typically meet the Fund’s criteria of persistent cash flow generation and have management teams with a consistent track record of efficient capital allocation, including a strong commitment to pay and grow the dividend.

As an integral part of its process to evaluate potential portfolio companies, the Fund conducts an ESG assessment. The Fund will first screen out companies based on certain objective ESG characteristics. Such screening criteria eliminates: (i) companies that extract coal; (ii) companies that derive greater than 10% of revenue from production of alcohol, tobacco, or firearms; and (iii) companies that provide parts or services that are tailor-made and necessary for the lethal function of controversial weapons. The Fund uses audited reports and other publicly available information in order to determine whether a company should be screened out of the Fund’s investable universe.

In addition to the companies eliminated by the screening process, the Fund seeks to eliminate, based on its own assessment, companies that have demonstrated a history of weak governance or repeated failures to prevent or mitigate ESG risks. The Fund evaluates a company’s performance relative to peers on environmental or social indicators. Examples of such ESG key performance indicators include the frequency and scope of its ESG disclosures, human rights record and policies, and corporate board structure. More specifically, the Fund’s ESG assessments focus on the following criteria:

- *Governance and Ethics.* The Fund believes that oversight of management is a board’s responsibility, and further, that oversight of the board is an investor right and responsibility. As such, the Fund considers the structure of a company’s board and whether it has an independent chair, the extent to which the company is controlled by insiders and family members, and the responsiveness of the board to investor votes. The Fund also considers the strength and vision of a company’s leaders and the company’s strategy and vision.
- *Environmental Record.* The Fund seeks to invest in companies that aim to minimize and mitigate the negative impacts of their operations on the environment. In assessing a company, the Fund considers a company’s strategy regarding natural resources and the planet, and how it mitigates any unintentional or unavoidable environmental harms caused by its operations.
- *Human Rights.* The Fund favors companies that have human rights policies, practices, and due diligence processes that are grounded in international norms, including the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.
- *Diversity.* The Fund reviews each company for certain indicators, including the racial, ethnic, and gender composition of its Board, management, and workforce, to reveal areas where human capital management is lagging, recruitment is failing to capture the range of expertise and suitable candidates available, where homogeneity might be creating narrowness of perspectives and/or confirmation bias, and where a company’s competitive advantage may be at risk.

In completing its ESG assessments, the Fund does not rely on any one source of information, but rather collects information from multiple sources including a company’s audited reports and other publicly available information (such as sustainability reports and voluntary ESG disclosures); third-party ESG research and ratings from ESG data providers; non-profit benchmark reports, research, and analysis; media reports; and discussions with company management.

The Sub-Adviser then constructs the Fund’s portfolio from the investable universe by taking into consideration both the financial and ESG profile of each candidate, equally. The Fund is not required to invest in any specific number of companies, but will typically invest in approximately thirty to forty-five companies, each of which meet the Fund’s financial and ESG criteria.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

You can lose money on your investment in the Fund. The principal risks of investing in the Fund are summarized below.

Equity Securities Risk. An adverse event, such as an unfavorable earnings report, may depress the value of a particular equity security held by the Fund. Also, prices of equity securities are sensitive to general movements in the stock market and a drop in the stock market may depress the prices of equity securities to which the Fund has exposure. Equity security prices fluctuate for several reasons, including changes in investors' perceptions of the financial condition of an issuer or the general condition of the relevant stock market, or when political or economic events affecting the issuers occur. In addition, equity security prices may be particularly sensitive to rising interest rates, as the cost of capital rises and borrowing costs increase.

Equity Income Securities Risk. The Fund may invest in equity securities that are expected to periodically accrue or generate income for their holders such as common and preferred stocks of issuers that have historically paid periodic dividends or otherwise made distributions to shareholders. Unlike fixed income securities, dividend payments generally are not guaranteed and so may be discontinued by the issuer at its discretion or because of the issuer's inability to satisfy its liabilities. Further, an issuer's history of paying dividends does not guarantee that it will continue to pay dividends in the future. In addition to dividends, under certain circumstances the holders of common stock may benefit from the capital appreciation of the issuer. Although the Fund may seek capital appreciation with respect to particular investments, its overall focus on generating income from dividends and distributions from equity securities may mean that it does not always seek, or obtain, capital appreciation from equity investments. Depending upon market conditions, dividend-paying stocks that meet the Fund's investment criteria may not be widely available and/or may be highly concentrated in only a few market sectors.

Common Stock Risk. Common stock of an issuer in the Fund's portfolio may decline in price for a variety of reasons including if the issuer fails to make anticipated dividend payments. Common stock in which the Fund will invest is structurally subordinated as to income and residual value to preferred stock, bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure, in terms of priority to corporate income, and therefore will be subject to greater dividend risk than preferred stock or debt instruments of such issuers.

Market Risk. The trading prices of financial instruments fluctuate, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably, in response to a variety of factors. These factors include events impacting a specific market segment or the entire market, including war, military conflict, acts of terrorism, social unrest, natural disasters, recessions, inflation, rapid interest rate changes, supply chain disruptions, sanctions, the spread of infectious illness or other public health threats. The Fund's net asset value ("NAV") and market price may fluctuate significantly due to market risk. The Fund, and investors, could lose money over short periods due to short term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns, such as a recession. The loss of the entire principal amount of an investment is possible.

Management Risk. The Fund is subject to management risk because its portfolio will be actively managed. The Adviser and the Sub-Adviser will apply investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions for the Fund, but there can be no guarantee that these will produce the desired results.

Foreign Securities Risk. Investing in foreign companies, including direct investments and investments through ADRs, involve certain considerations and risks not ordinarily associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Foreign companies are not generally subject to the same accounting, auditing and financial standards and requirements as those applicable to U.S. companies. Foreign securities exchanges, brokers and listed companies may be subject to less government supervision and regulation than is applicable to U.S. exchanges, brokers and listed companies. In addition, dividend and interest income from foreign securities may be subject to withholding and other foreign taxes, which may adversely affect the net return on such investments. There may be difficulty in obtaining or enforcing a court judgment abroad, and it may be difficult to effect repatriation of capital invested in certain countries. In addition, with respect to certain countries, there are risks of expropriation, confiscatory taxation, political or social instability or diplomatic developments that could affect assets of the Fund held in foreign countries. Foreign exchanges may be open on days when the Fund does not price its shares, so the value of the securities held by the Fund may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund's shares. Conversely, shares of the Fund may trade on days when foreign exchanges are closed, so there may be changes between the last quoted price from the portfolio security's closed foreign market and the value of the foreign security during the Fund's domestic trading day. These factors may result in differences between the market price of the Fund's shares and the underlying value of those shares.

American Depositary Receipts Risk. ADRs are securities that evidence ownership interests in, and represent the right to receive, a security or a pool of securities that have been deposited with a bank or trust depository. Such securities may be less liquid or may trade at a lower price than the underlying securities of the issuer. Additionally, there may be less information available regarding such issuers and there may not be a correlation between such information and the market value of the ADRs.

Emerging Markets Risk. The Fund may invest in ADRs linked to companies located in emerging market countries. The Fund's investments in emerging market securities impose risks different from, or greater than, risks of investing in foreign developed countries. These risks include: smaller market capitalization of securities markets, which may suffer periods of relative illiquidity; significant price volatility; and restrictions on foreign investment. Emerging market countries may have relatively unstable governments and may present the risk of nationalization of businesses, expropriation, and confiscatory taxation or, in certain instances, reversion to closed market, centrally planned economies. Emerging market economies may also experience more severe downturns. In addition, foreign investors may be required to register or pay taxes or tariffs on the proceeds of securities sales; future economic or political crises could lead to price controls, forced mergers, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, seizure, nationalization, or creation of government monopolies. The currencies of emerging market countries may experience significant declines against the U.S. dollar, and devaluation may occur subsequent to investments in these currencies by the Fund. Inflation and rapid fluctuations in inflation rates have had, and may continue to have, negative effects on the economies and securities markets of certain emerging market countries.

Small and Mid-Capitalization Risk. The Fund may invest in securities of issuers that have comparatively smaller capitalizations relative to issuers whose securities are included in major equity benchmark indices, which presents unique investment risks. These companies often have limited product lines, markets, distribution channels or financial resources, and the management of such companies may be dependent upon one or a few key people. The market movements of equity securities issued by issuers with smaller capitalizations may be more abrupt or erratic than the market movements of equity securities of larger, more established companies or the stock market in general. Securities of such issuers may lack sufficient market liquidity to enable the Fund to effect sales at an advantageous time or without a substantial drop in price.

ESG Investing Risk. The Fund's consideration of ESG factors in selecting investments may limit the investment opportunities available to the Fund or exclude the securities of certain issuers for non-financial reasons. As such, the Fund may invest in companies or industries that are out of favor in the market or underperforming the market, and the Fund may forgo certain market opportunities available to funds that do not invest using ESG criteria. Companies that meet the Fund's ESG criteria may be more focused on long-term rather than short-term returns, and thus may underperform in the short-term and adversely impact the Fund's short-term performance. In evaluating a company based on ESG criteria, the Fund may use information and data from third-party providers of ESG research, which may be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. There is no uniform set of ESG standards, and different third-party providers may provide different or inconsistent information and data. There may be limitations with respect to availability of ESG data in certain sectors, as well as limited availability of investments with positive ESG assessments in certain sectors.

Real Estate Securities Risk. Because the Fund may invest in REITs, the Fund's performance may be affected by the risks associated with investments in real estate-related companies. The value of real estate-related companies' securities is sensitive to changes in real estate values and rental income, property taxes, interest rates, tax and regulatory requirements, supply and demand, and the management skill and creditworthiness of the company. In addition, a REIT could fail to qualify for tax-free pass-through of its income under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") or fail to maintain its exemption from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), which could produce adverse economic consequences for the REIT and its investors, including the Fund.

Long-Term Objective; Not a Complete Investment Program. The Fund is intended for investors seeking a high level of income over the long term. The Fund is not meant to provide a vehicle for those who wish to exploit short-term swings in the stock market. An investment in shares of the Fund should not be considered a complete investment program. Each shareholder should take into account the Fund's investment objective as well as the shareholder's other investments when considering an investment in the Fund.

Operational Risk. The Fund is exposed to operational risks arising from a number of factors, including, but not limited to, human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and technology or systems failures. The Fund and its service providers seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate to address significant operational risks.

Liquidity Risk. The Fund may not always be able to liquidate its positions at the desired price or time (or at all) or at prices approximating those at which the Fund currently values them. It may be difficult for the Fund to value illiquid holdings accurately. Unexpected market illiquidity may cause major losses at any time.

Small Fund Risk. There can be no assurance that the Fund will grow to or maintain an economically viable size. While the Fund is small, the Fund may face the risk of being delisted if the Fund does not meet certain conditions of its listing exchange and any resulting liquidation could create negative transaction costs for the Fund and tax consequences for investors.

Inflation Risk. Inflation risk is the risk that the value of assets or income from investments will be worth less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the real value of the Fund's shares and distributions therefore may decline. Inflation may result in losses to Fund shareholders.

Large Shareholder Risk. Certain shareholders may from time to time own a substantial amount of the Fund's shares. In addition, a third-party investor, the Adviser or an affiliate of the Adviser, an authorized participant, a lead market maker, or another entity (i.e., a seed investor) may invest in the Fund and hold its investment solely to facilitate commencement of the Fund or to facilitate the Fund's achieving a specified size or scale. Any such investment may be held for a limited period of time. There can be no assurance that any large shareholder would not redeem its investment, that the size of the Fund would be maintained at such levels or that the Fund would continue to meet applicable listing requirements. Redemptions by large shareholders could have a significant negative impact on the Fund, including on the Fund's liquidity. In addition, transactions by large shareholders may account for a large percentage of the trading volume on NYSE Arca and may, therefore, have a material upward or downward effect on the market price of the shares.

Fluctuation of NAV Risk. The market prices of the Fund's shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV as well as the relative supply of and demand for the Fund's shares on the NYSE Arca. The Adviser cannot predict whether the Fund's shares will trade below, at, or above NAV.

Secondary Market Risk. Although the Fund's shares are listed for trading on NYSE Arca and may be listed or traded on U.S. and non-U.S. stock exchanges other than NYSE Arca, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for such shares will develop or be maintained. In stressed market conditions, the market for an ETF's shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the ETF's underlying portfolio holdings. Further, decisions by market makers or authorized participants to reduce their role or step away from these activities in times of market stress could inhibit the effectiveness of the arbitrage process in maintaining the relationship between the underlying values of the Fund's portfolio securities and the Fund's market price. This reduced liquidity and effectiveness could result in shares trading at a discount to NAV and also in greater than normal intra-day bid-ask spreads for shares. Investors buying or selling Fund shares in the secondary market will pay brokerage commissions or other charges imposed by brokers and will incur the cost of the difference between "bid" and "ask" prices of the Fund's shares.

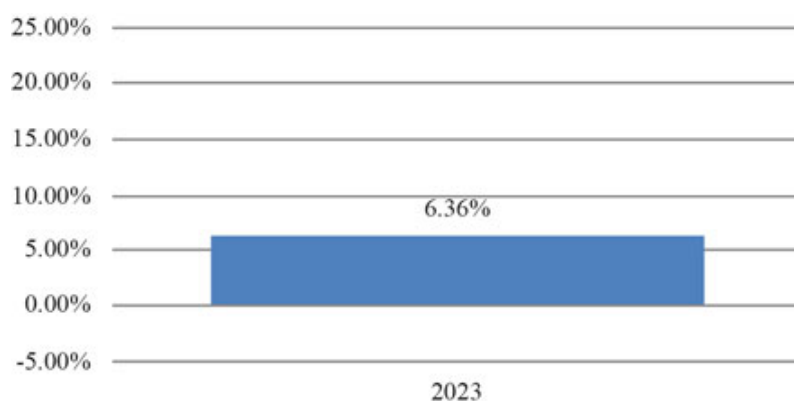
Valuation Risk. The sale price the Fund could receive for a security or other asset may differ from the Fund's valuation of the security or asset, particularly for securities or assets that trade in low volume or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology. In addition, the value of the securities or assets in the Fund's portfolio may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund's shares.

Authorized Participants Risk. Only certain institutions or large investors (typically, market makers or other broker-dealers) that have entered into an agreement with the Fund's distributor ("Authorized Participants") may purchase or redeem shares at NAV. The distributor has entered into Authorized Participant Agreements with a limited number of institutions on behalf of the Fund. Should these Authorized Participants cease to act as such or, for any reason, be unable to create or redeem shares of the Fund and new Authorized Participants are not appointed in their place, shares of the Fund may trade at a discount to the Fund's NAV and possibly face delisting.

Fund Performance

The bar chart below shows how the Fund has performed for the calendar year shown, and the table shows how the Fund's average annual total returns for various periods compare with a broad measure of market performance. This information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by comparing the Fund's performance with a broad measure of market performance. Past performance (before and after taxes) is not predictive of future results. Updated performance information is available at www.uscfinvestments.com.

Calendar Year Returns (Year ended December 31)



Highest Performing Quarter: 9.96% in the fourth quarter of 2023
 Lowest Performing Quarter: -4.54% in the third quarter of 2023
 YTD Return as of 9/30/2024: 16.90%

Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2023)

	1 Year	Since Inception
Return Before Taxes	6.36%	5.39%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	5.13%	4.11%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	3.69%	3.54%
S&P 500 Index	26.29%	10.99%
S&P 500 Value Total Return Index SM	22.23%	11.89%

The after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

Management

USCF Advisers LLC serves as the investment adviser to the Fund.

Miller/Howard Investments, Inc. serves as the investment sub-adviser to the Fund.

Portfolio Managers

Gregory Powell, PhD, the Chief Investment Officer and a Portfolio Manager for the Sub-Adviser, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since the Fund began operations in June 2022.

John ("Jack") E. Leslie III, CFA, a Portfolio Manager for the Sub-Adviser, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since the Fund began operations in June 2022.

Buying and Selling Fund Shares

The Fund is an ETF. This means that individual shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold in the secondary market on a national securities exchange, such as NYSE Arca, through a broker-dealer. The price of the Fund's shares is based on market price. Because Fund shares trade at market prices rather than NAV, shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount). When buying or selling shares in the secondary market, an investor may incur costs attributable to the difference between the highest price a buyer is willing to pay to purchase shares of the Fund (bid) and the lowest price a seller is willing to accept for shares of the Fund (ask). This is known as the "bid-ask spread".

Information about the Fund's NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spread is available on the Fund's website at www.uscfinvestments.com.

The Fund issues and redeems shares at NAV only in large blocks of shares ("Creation Units"), which only Authorized Participants that have entered into an agreement with ALPS Distributors, Inc. (the "Distributor") may purchase or redeem. The size of a Creation Unit may change from time to time. A Creation Unit for the Fund consists of 10,000 shares. The Fund generally issues and redeems Creation Units in exchange for a portfolio of securities (i.e., "baskets") closely approximating holdings of the Fund and a designated amount of cash, but has adopted policies and procedures to allow it to utilize custom baskets consistent with the rules under the 1940 Act. Purchasers and redeemers of Creation Units are required to pay a transaction fee to compensate the Fund for brokerage and transaction expenses. The transaction fee for the Fund is \$100.

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions of ordinary income, qualified dividend income, or capital gains. Shareholders will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such amounts at the rate applicable to such category of income.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Adviser or other related companies may pay the intermediary for marketing activities and presentations, educational training programs, the support of technology platforms, and/or reporting systems or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, STRATEGY, AND RISK INFORMATION

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks a high level of current income as its primary investment objective. As a secondary objective, the Fund seeks growth of income.

The Fund's investment objective, and its policy to invest at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in dividend-paying equity securities and in other instruments that have economic characteristics similar to such securities, may each be changed without a vote of shareholders upon 60 days' written notice to the Fund's shareholders.

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund is an actively managed ETF. The Fund seeks a high level of current income and, as a secondary objective, growth of income, by investing in U.S. exchange-traded dividend-paying and dividend-growth companies that meet the Fund's ESG criteria. The Fund may also invest in U.S. exchange-traded equity securities of issuers domiciled outside the U.S., including ADRs. The Fund may also invest in REITs, with a typical sector limit of 25% or two times the weight in the Russell 1000 Value Index, whichever is greater. The Fund invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in dividend-paying equity securities and in other instruments that have economic characteristics similar to such securities.

The Fund primarily utilizes a bottom-up fundamental research process to evaluate companies, and uses quantitative research to identify and compare potential candidates for further fundamental review. Fundamental research is based on reviewing primary source documents, such as SEC filings, company presentations, meetings with management, industry conferences, and engagement with industry experts and analysts as well as third-party research.

The Fund assesses companies based on a number of key metrics, including dividend yield, prospects for dividend growth, balance sheet strength, dividend coverage, and low valuations. In evaluating potential portfolio companies for investment, the Fund will consider the company's liquidity (generally selecting companies with average daily trading value greater than \$30 million) and market capitalization (generally selecting companies with market capitalization greater than \$4 billion). The Fund will also consider the company's ownership, public float, and corporate structure, and the company's financial characteristics, business model, valuation, and management and board members. To be considered as potential Fund investments, such companies will typically meet the Fund's criteria of persistent cash flow generation and have management teams with a consistent track record of efficient capital allocation, including a strong commitment to pay and grow the dividend.

As an integral part of its process to evaluate potential portfolio companies, the Fund conducts an ESG assessment. The Fund will first screen out companies based on certain objective ESG characteristics. Such screening criteria eliminates: (i) companies that extract coal; (ii) companies that derive greater than 10% of revenue from production of alcohol, tobacco, or firearms; and (iii) companies that provide parts or services that are tailor-made and necessary for the lethal function of controversial weapons. The Fund uses audited reports and other publicly available information in order to determine whether a company should be screened out of the Fund's investable universe.

In addition to the companies eliminated by the screening process, the Fund seeks to eliminate, based on its own assessment, companies that have demonstrated a history of weak governance or repeated failures to prevent or mitigate ESG risks. The Fund evaluates a company's performance relative to peers on environmental or social indicators. Examples of such ESG key performance indicators include the frequency and scope of its ESG disclosures, human rights record and policies, and corporate board structure. More specifically, the Fund's ESG assessments focus on the following criteria:

- *Governance and Ethics.* The Fund believes that oversight of management is a board's responsibility, and further, that oversight of the board is an investor right and responsibility. As such, the Fund considers the structure of a company's board and whether it has an independent chair, the extent to which the company is controlled by insiders and family members, and the responsiveness of the board to investor votes. The Fund also considers the strength and vision of a company's leaders and the company's strategy and vision.
- *Environmental Record.* The Fund seeks to invest in companies that aim to minimize and mitigate the negative impacts of their operations on the environment. In assessing a company, the Fund considers a company's strategy regarding natural resources and the planet, and how it mitigates any unintentional or unavoidable environmental harms caused by its operations.
- *Human Rights.* The Fund favors companies that have human rights policies, practices, and due diligence processes that are grounded in international norms, including the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.
- *Diversity.* The Fund reviews each company for certain indicators, including the racial, ethnic, and gender composition of its Board, management, and workforce, to reveal areas where human capital management is lagging, recruitment is failing to capture the range of expertise and suitable candidates available, where homogeneity might be creating narrowness of perspectives and/or confirmation bias, and where a company's competitive advantage may be at risk.

In completing its ESG assessments, the Fund does not rely on any one source of information, but rather collects information from multiple sources including a company's audited reports and other publicly available information (such as sustainability reports and voluntary ESG disclosures); third-party ESG research and ratings from ESG data providers; non-profit benchmark reports, research, and analysis; media reports; and discussions with company management.

The Sub-Adviser then constructs the Fund's portfolio from the investable universe by taking into consideration both the financial and ESG profile of each candidate, equally. The Fund is not required to invest in any specific number of companies, but will typically invest in approximately thirty to forty-five companies, each of which meets the Fund's financial and ESG criteria.

Additional Principal Risk Information about the Fund

This section provides additional information regarding the principal risks described under "Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund" in the Fund Summary. Each risk factor below could have a negative impact on the Fund's performance and trading prices.

Equity Securities Risk. An adverse event, such as an unfavorable earnings report, may depress the value of a particular equity security held by the Fund. Also, prices of equity securities are sensitive to general movements in the stock market and a drop in the stock market may depress the prices of equity securities to which the Fund has exposure. Equity security prices fluctuate for several reasons, including changes in investors' perceptions of the financial condition of an issuer or the general condition of the relevant stock market, or when political or economic events affecting the issuers occur. In addition, equity security prices may be particularly sensitive to rising interest rates, as the cost of capital rises and borrowing costs increase.

Equity Income Securities Risk. The Fund may invest in equity securities that are expected to periodically accrue or generate income for their holders such as common and preferred stocks of issuers that have historically paid periodic dividends or otherwise made distributions to shareholders. Unlike fixed income securities, dividend payments generally are not guaranteed and so may be discontinued by the issuer at its discretion or because of the issuer's inability to satisfy its liabilities. Further, an issuer's history of paying dividends does not guarantee that it will continue to pay dividends in the future. In addition to dividends, under certain circumstances the holders of common stock may benefit from the capital appreciation of the issuer. Although the Fund may seek capital appreciation with respect to particular investments, its overall focus on generating income from dividends and distributions from equity securities may mean that it does not always seek, or obtain, capital appreciation from equity investments. Depending upon market conditions, dividend-paying stocks that meet the Fund's investment criteria may not be widely available and/or may be highly concentrated in only a few market sectors.

Common Stock Risk. Common stock of an issuer in the Fund's portfolio may decline in price for a variety of reasons including if the issuer fails to make anticipated dividend payments. Common stock in which the Fund will invest is structurally subordinated as to income and residual value to preferred stock, bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure, in terms of priority to corporate income, and therefore will be subject to greater dividend risk than preferred stock or debt instruments of such issuers.

Market Risk. The trading prices of financial instruments fluctuate, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably, in response to a variety of factors. These factors include events impacting a specific market segment or the entire market, including war, military conflict, acts of terrorism, social unrest, natural disasters, recessions, inflation, rapid interest rate changes, supply chain disruptions, sanctions, the spread of infectious illness or other public health threats. The Fund's NAV and market price may fluctuate significantly due to market risk. The Fund, and investors, could lose money over short periods due to short term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns, such as a recession. The loss of the entire principal amount of an investment is possible.

Management Risk. The Fund is subject to management risk because its portfolio will be actively managed. The Adviser and the Sub-Adviser will apply investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions for the Fund, but there can be no guarantee that these will produce the desired results.

Foreign Securities Risk. Investing in foreign companies, including direct investments and investments through ADRs, involve certain considerations and risks not ordinarily associated with investments in securities of U.S. issuers. Foreign companies are not generally subject to the same accounting, auditing and financial standards and requirements as those applicable to U.S. companies. Foreign securities exchanges, brokers and listed companies may be subject to less government supervision and regulation than is applicable to U.S. exchanges, brokers and listed companies. In addition, dividend and interest income from foreign securities may be subject to withholding and other foreign taxes, which may adversely affect the net return on such investments. There may be difficulty in obtaining or enforcing a court judgment abroad, and it may be difficult to effect repatriation of capital invested in certain countries. In addition, with respect to certain countries, there are risks of expropriation, confiscatory taxation, political or social instability or diplomatic developments that could affect assets of the Fund held in foreign countries. Foreign exchanges may be open on days when the Fund does not price its shares, so the value of the securities held by the Fund may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund's shares. Conversely, shares of the Fund may trade on days when foreign exchanges are closed, so there may be changes between the last quoted price from the portfolio security's closed foreign market and the value of the foreign security during the Fund's domestic trading day. These factors may result in differences between the market price of the Fund's shares and the underlying value of those shares.

American Depositary Receipts Risk. The fund may invest in ADRs. Depositary Receipts are securities that evidence ownership interests in, and represent the right to receive, a security or a pool of securities that have been deposited with a bank or trust depository. ADRs are Depositary Receipts typically issued by a U.S. bank or trust company that evidence ownership of underlying securities issued by a foreign corporation. ADRs are issued in registered form, denominated in U.S. dollars, and designed for use in the U.S. securities markets. Depositary Receipts may not necessarily be denominated in the same currency as the underlying securities into which they may be converted, and changes in currency exchange rates may affect the value of a Depositary Receipt investment in ways different from direct investments in foreign securities. Such securities may be less liquid or may trade at a lower price than the underlying securities of the issuer. Although the issuing bank or trust company may impose charges for the collection of dividends and the conversion of such securities into the underlying securities, generally no fees are imposed on the purchase or sale of these securities other than transaction fees ordinarily involved with trading stock.

Emerging Markets Risk. The Fund may invest in ADRs linked to companies located in emerging market countries. The Fund's investments in emerging market securities impose risks different from, or greater than, risks of investing in foreign developed countries. These risks include: smaller market capitalization of securities markets, which may suffer periods of relative illiquidity; significant price volatility; and restrictions on foreign investment. Emerging market countries may have relatively unstable governments and may present the risk of nationalization of businesses, expropriation, and confiscatory taxation or, in certain instances, reversion to closed market, centrally planned economies. Emerging market economies may also experience more severe downturns. In addition, foreign investors may be required to register or pay taxes or tariffs on the proceeds of securities sales; future economic or political crises could lead to price controls, forced mergers, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, seizure, nationalization, or creation of government monopolies.

The currencies of emerging market countries may experience significant declines against the U.S. dollar, and devaluation may occur subsequent to investments in these currencies by the Fund. Inflation and rapid fluctuations in inflation rates have had, and may continue to have, negative effects on the economies and securities markets of certain emerging market countries.

Small and Mid-Capitalization Risk. The Fund may invest in securities of issuers that have comparatively smaller capitalizations relative to issuers whose securities are included in major equity benchmark indices, which presents unique investment risks. These companies often have limited product lines, markets, distribution channels or financial resources, and the management of such companies may be dependent upon one or a few key people. The market movements of equity securities issued by issuers with smaller capitalizations may be more abrupt or erratic than the market movements of equity securities of larger, more established companies or the stock market in general. Securities of such issuers may lack sufficient market liquidity to enable the Fund to effect sales at an advantageous time or without a substantial drop in price.

ESG Investing Risk. The Fund's consideration of ESG factors in selecting investments may limit the investment opportunities available to the Fund or exclude the securities of certain issuers for non-financial reasons. As such, the Fund may invest in companies or industries that are out of favor in the market or underperforming the market, and the Fund may forgo certain market opportunities available to funds that do not invest using ESG criteria. Companies that meet the Fund's ESG criteria may be more focused on long-term rather than short-term returns, and thus may underperform in the short-term and adversely impact the Fund's short-term performance. In evaluating a company based on ESG criteria, the Sub-Adviser may use information and data from third-party providers of ESG research, which may be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. Research providers might only take into account one of many ESG related components of a company. There is no uniform set of ESG standards, and different third-party providers may provide different or inconsistent information and data, and the data may not be comparable. There may be limitations with respect to availability of ESG data in certain sectors, as well as limited availability of investments with positive ESG assessments in certain sectors. A company's business practices, products or services may change over time. It is possible that companies identified through the Fund's consideration of ESG factors will not operate as expected and will not exhibit positive ESG characteristics to the extent the Fund might have anticipated. Further, investors may differ in their views of what constitutes positive or negative ESG characteristics of a company. As a result, the Fund may invest in companies that do not reflect the beliefs of any particular investor.

Real Estate Securities Risk. Because the Fund may invest in REITs, the Fund's performance may be affected by the risks associated with investments in real estate-related companies. The value of real estate-related companies' securities is sensitive to changes in real estate values and rental income, property taxes, interest rates, tax and regulatory requirements, supply and demand, and the management skill and creditworthiness of the company. In addition, a REIT could fail to qualify for tax-free pass-through of its income under the Code, as amended or fail to maintain its exemption from registration under the 1940 Act, which could produce adverse economic consequences for the REIT and its investors, including the Fund.

Long-Term Objective; Not a Complete Investment Program. The Fund is intended for investors seeking a high level of income over the long term. The Fund is not meant to provide a vehicle for those who wish to exploit short-term swings in the stock market. An investment in shares of the Fund should not be considered a complete investment program. Each shareholder should take into account the Fund's investment objective as well as the shareholder's other investments when considering an investment in the Fund.

Operational Risk. The Fund is exposed to operational risks arising from a number of factors, including, but not limited to, human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Fund's service providers, counterparties or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and technology or systems failures. The Fund and its service providers seek to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures. However, these measures do not address every possible risk and may be inadequate to address significant operational risks.

Liquidity Risk. The Fund may not always be able to liquidate its positions at the desired price or time (or at all) or at prices approximating those at which the Fund currently values them. It may be difficult for the Fund to value illiquid holdings accurately. It is also difficult to execute a trade at a specific price when there is a relatively small volume of buy and sell orders in a market. The market for certain investments may become illiquid under adverse market or economic conditions independent of any specific adverse changes in the conditions of a particular issuer. Unexpected market illiquidity may cause major losses at any time.

Small Fund Risk. There can be no assurance that the Fund will grow to or maintain an economically viable size. While the Fund is small, the Fund may face the risk of being delisted if the Fund does not meet certain conditions of its listing exchange. The Fund may experience more difficulty achieving its investment objective than it otherwise would at higher asset levels, or the Fund may ultimately liquidate at an inopportune time for investors. A liquidation of the Fund may also result in adverse tax consequences.

Inflation Risk. Inflation risk is the risk that the value of assets or income from investments will be worth less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the real value of the Fund's shares and distributions therefore may decline. Inflation rates may change frequently and significantly as a result of various factors, including unexpected shifts in the domestic or global economy and changes in economic policies, and the Fund's investments may not keep pace with inflation, which may result in losses to Fund shareholders.

Large Shareholder Risk. Certain shareholders may from time to time own a substantial amount of the Fund's shares. In addition, a third-party investor, the Adviser or an affiliate of the Adviser, an Authorized Participant, a lead market maker, or another entity (i.e., a seed investor) may invest in the Fund and hold its investment solely to facilitate commencement of the Fund or to facilitate the Fund's achieving a specified size or scale. Any such investment may be held for a limited period of time. There can be no assurance that any large shareholder would not redeem its investment, that the size of the Fund would be maintained at such levels or that the Fund would continue to meet applicable listing requirements. Redemptions by large shareholders could have a significant negative impact on the Fund, including on the Fund's liquidity. In addition, transactions by large shareholders may account for a large percentage of the trading volume on NYSE Arca and may, therefore, have a material upward or downward effect on the market price of the shares.

Fluctuation of NAV Risk. The market prices of the Fund's shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in NAV as well as the relative supply of and demand for the Fund's shares on NYSE Arca. The Adviser cannot predict whether the Fund's shares will trade below, at or above their NAV. Price differences may be due in large part to the fact that supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for the Fund's shares will be closely related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the Fund's holdings, trading individually or in the aggregate, at any point in time. The market prices of Fund shares may deviate significantly from the NAV of Fund shares during periods of market volatility. However, given that the shares can be purchased and redeemed in Creation Units (unlike shares of closed-end funds, which frequently trade at appreciable discounts from, and sometimes at premiums to, their NAVs), the Adviser and Sub-Adviser believe that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of the Fund's shares should not be sustained over long periods. If an investor purchases the Fund's shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to the NAV of the Fund's shares or sells at a time when the market price is at a discount to the NAV of the Fund's shares, then the investor may sustain losses.

Secondary Market Risk. Although the Fund's shares are listed for trading on NYSE Arca and may be listed or traded on U.S. and non-U.S. stock exchanges other than NYSE Arca, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for such shares will develop or be maintained. Market makers are under no obligation to make a market in the Fund's shares, and Authorized Participants are not obligated to submit purchase or redemption orders for Creation Units. In times of market stress, market makers or other Authorized Participants may step away from their respective roles in making a market in shares of the Fund and in executing purchase or redemption orders, and this could, in turn, lead to variances between the market price of the Fund's shares and the underlying value of those shares. Trading in shares may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of NYSE Arca, make trading in shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in shares on NYSE Arca is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to NYSE Arca "circuit breaker" rules. In stressed market conditions, the market for an ETF's shares may become less liquid in response to deteriorating liquidity in the markets for the ETF's underlying portfolio holdings, which can result in wider bid/ask spreads and differences between the ETF's NAV and market price. There can be no assurance that the requirements of NYSE Arca necessary to maintain the listing of the Fund will continue to be met or will remain unchanged or that Fund shares will trade with any volume, or at all, on any stock exchange. Investors buying or selling Fund shares in the secondary market will pay brokerage commissions or other charges imposed by brokers and will incur the cost of the difference between "bid" and "ask" prices of the Fund's shares.

Valuation Risk. The sale price the Fund could receive for a security or other asset may differ from the Fund's valuation of the security or asset, particularly for securities or assets that trade in low volume or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology. Some portfolio holdings, potentially a large portion of the Fund's investment portfolio, may be valued on the basis of factors other than market quotations. This may occur more often in times of market turmoil or reduced liquidity. There are multiple methods that can be used to value a portfolio holding when market quotations are not readily available. The value established for any portfolio holding at a point in time might differ from what would be produced using a different methodology or if it had been priced using market quotations. Portfolio holdings that are valued using techniques other than market quotations, including "fair valued" securities, may be subject to greater fluctuation in their valuations from one day to the next than if market quotations were used. In addition, the value of the securities or assets in the Fund's portfolio may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or sell the Fund's shares.

Authorized Participants Risk. The Distributor has entered into Authorized Participant Agreements with a limited number of institutions on behalf of the Fund. Should these Authorized Participants cease to act as such or, for any reason, be unable to create or redeem shares of the Fund and new Authorized Participants are not appointed in their place, shares of the Fund may trade at a discount to the Fund's NAV and possibly face delisting.

Temporary Defensive Positions

The Fund may take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with its stated principal investment strategy, for instance, by allocating assets to cash, cash equivalent investments or other less volatile instruments in response to unusual market, economic, political, or other adverse conditions. In doing so, the Fund may succeed in avoiding losses but may otherwise fail to achieve its investment objective.

PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS INFORMATION

The Fund's portfolio holdings will be disclosed each day on its website at www.uscfinvestments.com. A description of the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of portfolio holdings is available in the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI").

MANAGEMENT

Adviser

The Adviser has been registered as an investment adviser with the SEC since July 1, 2014, and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of USCF Investments, Inc., formerly Wainwright Holdings, Inc. ("USCF Investments"). USCF Investments is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Marygold Companies, Inc. (formerly Concierge Technologies, Inc.), a company publicly traded under the ticker symbol "MGLD" ("Marygold"). Mr. Nicholas Gerber, a former Trustee, along with certain family members and certain other shareholders, own the majority of the shares in Marygold. USCF Investments continues to operate its business as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Marygold.

The Adviser's offices are located at 1850 Mt. Diablo Blvd., Suite 640, Walnut Creek, CA 94596. As of June 30, 2024, the Adviser and its affiliates had approximately \$2.9 billion in assets under management.

The Adviser has overall responsibility for the general management and administration of the Trust and provides an investment program for the Fund. The Adviser is responsible for the retention of sub-advisers to manage the investment of the Fund's assets in conformity with its investment policies if the Adviser does not provide those services directly. The Adviser has arranged for custody, distribution, fund administration, transfer agency, and all other non-distribution related services necessary for the Fund to operate. The Adviser bears all of its own costs associated with providing these advisory services and the expenses of the members of the Board who are affiliated with the Adviser. The Adviser may make payments from its own resources to broker-dealers and other financial institutions in connection with the sale of Fund shares.

On November 8, 2021, the United States Oil Fund, LP ("USO"), as well as its general partner, the United States Commodity Funds LLC ("USCF"), announced a resolution with each of the SEC and the CFTC relating to matters set forth in certain Wells Notices issued by the staffs of each of the SEC and CFTC as more fully described below. Like the Adviser, USCF is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Marygold.

On August 17, 2020, USCF, USO, and John P. Love, the president and chief executive officer of USCF, received a "Wells Notice" from the staff of the SEC (the "SEC Wells Notice"). The SEC Wells Notice stated that the SEC staff made a preliminary determination to recommend that the SEC file an enforcement action against USCF, USO, and Mr. Love alleging violations of Sections 17(a)(1) and 17(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), and Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, in each case with respect to its disclosures and USO's actions.

Subsequently, on August 19, 2020, USCF, USO, and Mr. Love received a Wells Notice from the staff of the CFTC (the "CFTC Wells Notice"). The CFTC Wells Notice stated that the CFTC staff made a preliminary determination to recommend that the CFTC file an enforcement action against USCF, USO, and Mr. Love alleging violations of Sections 4o(1)(A) and (B) and 6(c)(1) of the CEA, 7 U.S.C. §§ 6o(1)(A) and (B) and 9(1) (2018), and CFTC Regulations 4.26, 4.41, and 180.1(a), 17 C.F.R. §§ 4.26, 4.41, 180.1(a) (2019), in each case with respect to its disclosures and USO's actions.

On November 8, 2021, acting pursuant to an offer of settlement submitted by USCF and USO, the SEC issued an order instituting cease-and-desist proceedings, making findings, and imposing a cease-and-desist order pursuant to Section 8A of the 1933 Act, directing USCF and USO to cease and desist from committing or causing any violations of Section 17(a)(3) of the 1933 Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a)(3) (the “SEC Order”). In the SEC Order, the SEC made findings that, from April 24, 2020 to May 21, 2020, USCF and USO violated Section 17(a)(3) of 1933 Act, which provides that it is “unlawful for any person in the offer or sale of any securities . . . to engage in any transaction, practice, or course of business which operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the purchaser.” USCF and USO consented to entry of the SEC Order without admitting or denying the findings contained therein, except as to jurisdiction.

Separately, on November 8, 2021, acting pursuant to an offer of settlement submitted by USCF, the CFTC issued an order instituting cease-and-desist proceedings, making findings, and imposing a cease-and-desist order pursuant to Section 6(c) and (d) of the CEA, directing USCF to cease and desist from committing or causing any violations of Section 4o(1)(B) of the CEA, 7 U.S.C. § 6o(1)(B), and CFTC Regulation 4.41(a)(2), 17 C.F.R. § 4.41(a)(2) (the “CFTC Order”). In the CFTC Order, the CFTC made findings that, from on or about April 22, 2020 to June 12, 2020, USCF violated Section 4o(1)(B) of the CEA and CFTC Regulation 4.41(a)(2), which make it unlawful for any commodity pool operator (“CPO”) to engage in “any transaction, practice, or course of business which operates as a fraud or deceit upon any client or participant or prospective client or participant” and prohibit a CPO from advertising in a manner which “operates as a fraud or deceit upon any client or participant or prospective client or participant,” respectively. USCF consented to entry of the CFTC Order without admitting or denying the findings contained therein, except as to jurisdiction.

Pursuant to the SEC Order and the CFTC Order, in addition to the command to cease and desist from committing or causing any violations of Section 17(a)(3) of the 1933 Act, Section 4o(1)(B) of the CEA, and CFTC Regulation 4.14(a)(2), civil monetary penalties totaling two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) in the aggregate was required to be paid to the SEC and CFTC, of which one million two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$1,250,000) has been paid by USCF to each of the SEC and the CFTC, respectively, pursuant to the offsets permitted under the orders.

The SEC Order can be accessed at www.sec.gov and the CFTC Order can be accessed at www.cftc.gov.

Sub-Adviser

The Sub-Adviser has been registered as an investment adviser with the SEC since 1986. The Sub-Adviser’s offices are located at The Fuller Building, 45 Pine Grove Ave, Suite 301, Kingston, NY 12401. As of June 30, 2024, the Sub-Adviser and its affiliates had approximately \$3.4 billion in assets under management, including assets under advisement. Subject to the Adviser’s oversight, the Sub-Adviser supervises and manages the investment portfolio of the Fund and directs the purchase and sale of the Fund’s investments. The Sub-Adviser and its affiliates deal, trade, and invest in the type of investments in which the Fund may also invest for clients in separately managed accounts and for closed-end fund shareholders.

Advisory and Sub-Advisory Agreements

The Adviser serves as investment adviser to the Fund pursuant to an Investment Advisory Agreement (the “Advisory Agreement”). The Sub-Adviser serves as the sub-adviser to the Fund pursuant to a sub-advisory agreement between the Adviser and the Sub-Adviser (the “Sub-Advisory Agreement”).

The Advisory Agreement and the Sub-Advisory Agreement were approved by the Board at the September 12, 2024 meeting of the Board. A discussion of the Board’s approval of these agreements, including the basis for the Board’s approval, will be included in the Fund’s filing on Form N-CSR to be filed with the SEC for the period ending December 31, 2024.

Management Fees

The Fund pays the Adviser a unitary management fee as compensation for its services and its assumption of all Fund expenses. The Adviser is responsible for all expenses of the Fund except expenses for taxes and governmental fees; brokerage fees; commissions and other transaction expenses; costs of borrowing money, including interest expenses; securities lending expenses; extraordinary expenses (such as litigation and indemnification expenses); and fees and expenses of any independent legal counsel. The Adviser may voluntarily waive any portion of its management fee from time to time, and may discontinue or modify any such voluntary limitations in the future at its discretion. The Sub-Adviser is paid by the Adviser, not the Fund.

The following table lists the total management fee paid by the Fund.

Fund	Management Fee
USCF Dividend Income Fund	0.65%

Manager of Managers Structure

The Adviser and the Trust have received an exemptive order from the SEC to operate under a manager of managers structure that permits the Adviser, with the approval of the Board, to appoint and replace sub-advisers, enter into sub-advisory agreements, and materially amend and terminate sub-advisory agreements on behalf of the Fund without shareholder approval (the “Manager of Managers Structure”). Under the Manager of Managers Structure, the Adviser has ultimate responsibility, subject to oversight of the Board, for overseeing the Trust’s sub-advisers and recommending to the Board their hiring, termination, or replacement.

The Manager of Managers Structure enables the Trust to operate with greater efficiency and without incurring the expense and delays associated with obtaining shareholder approvals for matters relating to sub-advisers or sub-advisory agreements. Operation of the Fund under the Manager of Managers Structure does not: (1) permit management fees paid by the Fund to the Adviser to be increased without shareholder approval; or (2) diminish the Adviser’s responsibilities to the Fund, including the Adviser’s overall responsibility for overseeing the portfolio management services furnished by its sub-advisers. Shareholders will be notified of any changes made to sub-advisers or sub-advisory agreements within 90 days of the change.

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

The Sub-Adviser (subject to the Adviser’s oversight) supervises and manages the investment portfolio of the Fund and directs the purchase and sale of the Fund’s investments. The Sub-Adviser utilizes a team of investment professionals acting together to manage the assets of the Fund. The team meets regularly to review the Fund’s portfolio holdings and to discuss purchase and sale activity. The team adjusts holdings in the Fund’s portfolio as they deem appropriate in the pursuit of the Fund’s investment objective.

The members of the team primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund’s portfolios are Gregory Powell, PhD and John (“Jack”) E. Leslie III, CFA.

Gregory Powell, PhD, oversees the Portfolio Management Team as Chief Investment Officer. Greg is the designated lead or co-lead Portfolio Manager on the firm’s core strategies. In addition, he holds a position on Miller/Howard’s Executive Committee. Greg joined Miller/Howard in 2017 and served as a portfolio manager and Deputy Chief Investment Officer. Prior to joining MHI, Greg had a distinguished 19-year career as a portfolio manager and director of research at AllianceBernstein. At AB, he managed a team of 12 analysts and a suite of products with \$11 billion in AUM. He also served as head of fundamental value research there, redesigning the analyst role with an emphasis on investment success and training analysts in all aspects of the position. He holds a BA in Economics/Mathematics from the University of California Santa Barbara, and a PhD and MA in Economics from Northwestern University.

John (“Jack”) E. Leslie III, CFA currently serves as a portfolio manager of the Sub-Adviser and also serves on the Board of Directors of the Sub-Adviser. Mr. Leslie joined the Sub-Adviser in 2004. He earned his BS in Finance from Suffolk University and an MBA from Babson College. Mr. Leslie is a CFA charterholder.

The SAI provides additional information about the portfolio managers’ compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers, and the portfolio managers’ ownership of shares in the Fund.

OTHER SERVICE PROVIDERS

Fund Administrator, Custodian, and Transfer Agent

The Bank of New York Mellon (“BNY Mellon”), located at 240 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10286, serves as the Fund’s administrator, custodian, and transfer agent.

Under a fund administration and accounting agreement, BNY Mellon serves as administrator for the Fund and provides necessary valuation and computation accounting services, financial reporting services, tax services, fund administration services, and regulatory administration services for the Fund.

Distributor

ALPS Distributors, Inc., 1290 Broadway, Suite 1000, Denver, CO 80203, serves as the distributor of the Fund's Creation Units on an agency basis. The Distributor does not maintain a secondary market in shares.

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Cohen & Company, Ltd., located at 1835 Market Street, Suite 310, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103, serves as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Trust and the Fund.

Legal Counsel

Dechert LLP, 1900 K St, NW, Washington, DC 20006, serves as legal counsel to the Trust and the Fund.

CYBERSECURITY RISK

The Trust and its service providers depend heavily upon computer systems to perform necessary business functions. As such, the Trust and its service providers may be prone to operational and information security risks resulting from breaches in cybersecurity. While the Trust and its service providers engage in actions to maintain cybersecurity and mitigate the risks associated with cybersecurity breaches, there is no guarantee that the Trust or its service providers will successfully prevent cybersecurity breaches or that cybersecurity breaches or threats will not interrupt the Trust's operations, result in increased costs to the Trust, or negatively affect you or your investment in the Fund.

A breach in cybersecurity refers to both intentional and unintentional events that may cause the Trust or its service providers to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption, or lose operational capacity. Breaches in cybersecurity include, among other behaviors, stealing or corrupting data maintained online or digitally, denial of service attacks on websites, the unauthorized release of confidential information, or various other forms of cyber-attacks. A breach in cybersecurity may also include or result from a natural catastrophe, industrial accident, failure of disaster recovery systems, or employee error. Breaches in cybersecurity may become particularly acute if they affect electronic data processing; affect transmission, storage, or retrieval systems; or impact the availability, integrity, or confidentiality of data. Despite the implementation of security measures, computer systems, networks, and data related to the Trust's operations, like those of other companies, could be subject to cyber-attacks and unauthorized access, use, alteration, or destruction, such as from physical and electronic break-ins or unauthorized tampering.

Cybersecurity breaches may interfere with the processing of transactions, impact the Trust's ability to calculate its NAVs, cause the release of private information or confidential business information, impede trading, cause the Trust to incur costs associated with mitigation or remediation, subject the Trust to regulatory fines or financial losses, and/or cause customer dissatisfaction or reputational harm to the Trust. The Trust may also incur additional costs to increase cybersecurity. Similar types of cybersecurity risks are also present for issuers of securities in which the Trust may invest, which could result in material adverse consequences for such issuers and may cause the Trust's investments to lose value.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON BUYING AND SELLING FUND SHARES

Most investors will buy and sell shares of the Fund through brokers on the secondary market. Shares of the Fund trade on NYSE Arca and elsewhere during the trading day and can be bought and sold throughout the trading day like other publicly-traded securities. When buying or selling shares through a broker, investors will incur customary brokerage commissions and charges and may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered price in the secondary market on each leg of a round trip (purchase and sale) transaction.

Shares of the Fund trade under the trading symbol UDI.

Transaction Fees on Creation and Redemption Transactions

Authorized Participants are required to pay a transaction fee to compensate the Fund for brokerage and transaction expenses when purchasing or redeeming Creation Units. The transaction fee is charged to the Authorized Participant on the day such Authorized Participant purchases or redeems a Creation Unit. The Fund reserves the right to waive transaction fees, if doing so is in the best interest of the Fund.

The following table shows the transaction fee and maximum additional charges for creations and redemptions by Authorized Participants (as described above):

Creation Unit Size	Standard Creation/ Redemption Transaction Fee
10,000	\$100

SHARE TRADING PRICES

Transactions in the Fund's shares will be priced at NAV only for Authorized Participants transacting in Creation Units. All other investors buy and sell shares of the Fund through brokers at prices established throughout the day in the secondary market. As with other types of securities, the trading prices of shares in the secondary market can be affected by market forces such as supply and demand, economic conditions, and other factors. Accordingly, the price most investors pay or receive when they buy or sell your shares in the secondary market may be more or less than the NAV of such shares.

DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The NAV of the Fund's shares is typically calculated each day the NYSE Arca is open for trading as of the close of regular trading on NYSE Arca, generally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time. If regular trading on NYSE Arca closes earlier than 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time on a given day, the NAV of the Fund's shares will be calculated as of that earlier time. The time as of which the Fund calculates its NAV is referred to as the "NAV Calculation Time." NAV per share is calculated by dividing the Fund's net assets by the number of the Fund's outstanding shares.

In calculating its NAV, the Fund generally values its assets on the basis of market quotations, last sale prices, or estimates of value furnished by a pricing service or brokers who make markets in such instruments. Debt obligations with maturities of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost.

Fair value pricing is used by the Fund when reliable market valuations are not readily available or are not deemed to reflect current market values. Securities that may be valued using "fair value" pricing may include, but are not limited to, securities for which there are no current market quotations or whose issuer is in default or bankruptcy, securities subject to corporate actions (such as mergers or reorganizations), securities subject to non-U.S. investment limits or currency controls, and securities affected by "significant events." An example of a significant event is an event, occurring after the close of the market in which a security trades but before the Fund's next NAV Calculation Time that may materially affect the value of the Fund's investment (e.g., government action, natural disaster, or significant market fluctuation). When fair-value pricing is employed, the prices of securities used by the Fund to calculate its NAV may differ from quoted or published prices for the same securities.

Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act sets forth the requirements for determining fair value in good faith. Pursuant to Rule 2a-5, the Board, including a majority of Trustees who are not "interested persons" of the Trust, as such term is defined in the 1940 Act, designated the Adviser to perform fair value determinations and act as "valuation designee." As valuation designee, the Adviser must (i) periodically assess and manage valuation risks; (ii) establish and apply fair value methodologies; (iii) test fair value methodologies; (iv) oversee and evaluate independent pricing services; (v) provide the Board with the reporting required under Rule 2a-5; and (vi) maintain records as required under Rule 31a-4 under the 1940 Act.

PREMIUM/DISCOUNT INFORMATION

Information regarding the extent and frequency with which market prices of the Fund's shares have traded at a premium or discount to the Fund's NAV for the most recently completed calendar year and the completed calendar quarters thereafter is available without charge at www.uscfinvestments.com.

DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

The Fund intends to pay out dividends on a monthly basis. Nonetheless, the Fund may not make a dividend payment every month. The Fund intends to distribute its net realized capital gains, if any, to investors annually. The Fund may occasionally be required to make supplemental distributions at some other time during the year. Distributions in cash may be reinvested automatically in additional whole shares only if the broker through whom you purchased shares makes such option available. Your broker is responsible for distributing the income and capital gain distributions to you.

BOOK ENTRY

Shares of the Fund are held in book-entry form, which means that no stock certificates are issued. The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) or its nominee is the record owner of all outstanding shares of the Fund.

Investors owning shares of the Fund are beneficial owners as shown on the records of DTC or its participants. DTC serves as the securities depository for all shares of the Fund. Participants include DTC, securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and other institutions that directly or indirectly maintain a custodial relationship with DTC. As a beneficial owner of shares, you are not entitled to receive physical delivery of stock certificates or to have shares registered in your name, and you are not considered a registered owner of shares. Therefore, to exercise any right as an owner of shares, you must rely upon the procedures of DTC and its participants. These procedures are the same as those that apply to any securities that you hold in book-entry or “street name” form. Your broker will provide you with account statements, confirmations of your purchases and sales, and tax information.

DELIVERY OF SHAREHOLDER DOCUMENTS – HOUSEHOLDING

Householding is an option available to certain investors of the Fund. Householding is a method of delivery, based on the preference of the individual investor, in which a single copy of certain shareholder documents can be delivered to investors who share the same address, even if their accounts are registered under different names. Householding for the Fund is available through certain broker-dealers. If you are interested in enrolling in householding and receiving a single copy of prospectuses and other shareholder documents, please contact your broker-dealer. If you are currently enrolled in householding and wish to change your householding status, please contact your broker-dealer.

FREQUENT TRADING

Shares of the Fund may be purchased and redeemed directly from the Fund only in Creation Units by Authorized Participants. The vast majority of trading in Fund shares occurs on the secondary market and does not involve the Fund directly. In-kind purchases and redemptions of Creation Units by Authorized Participants, and cash trades on the secondary market are unlikely to cause many of the harmful effects of frequent trading.

Cash purchases and redemptions of Creation Units can result in disruption of portfolio management, dilution to the Fund and increased transaction costs, all of which could negatively impact the Fund’s ability to achieve its investment objective, and may lead to the realization of capital gains. These consequences may become magnified as the frequency of cash purchases and redemptions of Creation Units by Authorized Participants increases. However, direct trading by Authorized Participants is critical to ensuring that shares trade at or close to NAV.

To minimize these potential negative consequences, the Fund employs fair valuation pricing and imposes transaction fees on Creation Unit transactions to cover the custodial and other costs incurred by the Fund in effecting trades. In addition, if, in the discretion of the Adviser, it is determined to be necessary or appropriate, the Adviser will monitor trades by Authorized Participants for patterns of abusive trading, and in such case, the Fund reserves the right to not accept orders from Authorized Participants that the Adviser has determined may be disruptive to the management of the Fund or otherwise not in the best interests of the Fund.

The Fund does not impose restrictions on, or monitor for, frequent trading activity in the secondary market. In determining not to restrict the frequency of purchases or sales, the Board determined that it is unlikely that (a) market timing would be attempted by the Fund’s shareholders and (b) any attempts to market time by the Fund’s shareholders would result in negative impact to the Fund or its shareholders.

INVESTMENTS BY REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Section 12(d)(1) of the 1940 Act restricts investments by registered investment companies in the securities of other investment companies (and companies relying on Sections 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the 1940 Act), including shares of the Fund. However, registered investment companies are permitted to invest in the Fund beyond the limits set forth in Section 12(d)(1) subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in an SEC exemptive rule (Rule 12d1-4), including that any such investment company enter into an agreement with the Fund.

TAX INFORMATION

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations generally applicable to investments in the Fund. Your investment in the Fund may have tax implications. Please consult your tax advisor about the tax consequences of an investment in Fund shares, including the possible application of U.S. federal estate and gift tax and foreign, state, and local tax laws, in light of your unique circumstances. Additional tax information is contained in the SAI, which is incorporated herein and made a part of this Prospectus.

The Fund intends to qualify annually to be taxed as a regulated investment company (“RIC”). To qualify as a RIC, the Fund must meet a number of requirements, including requirements as to the source of its income and the diversification of its assets. If the Fund meets those requirements, as well as certain minimum distribution requirements, the Fund will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on income and gains from investments that are timely distributed to shareholders. If the Fund fails to qualify as a RIC or to meet minimum distribution requirements (and, assuming certain relief provisions were not available), the Fund would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on income derived by the Fund at corporate rates.

If the Fund fails to qualify as a RIC or fails to satisfy the distribution requirement for any taxable year and certain reasonable cause and de minimis exceptions are inapplicable, the Fund will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at corporate rates on its taxable income (even if such income were distributed to its shareholders). In such a case, all distributions of the Fund’s earnings and profits will be subject to tax as dividend income, which, in general and subject to limitations under the Code, will constitute qualified dividend income in the case of individual shareholders and would be eligible for the dividends received deduction in the case of a corporate shareholder. In such event, in order to re-qualify for taxation as a RIC, the Fund might be required to recognize unrealized gains, pay substantial taxes and interest and make certain distributions. This would cause investors to incur higher tax liabilities that they otherwise would have incurred and would have a negative impact on Fund returns. In such event, the Board may determine to reorganize or close the Fund or materially change the Fund’s investment objective and strategies.

The remainder of this summary assumes that the Fund will qualify as a RIC and meet the minimum distribution requirements.

Unless your investment in shares is made through a tax-exempt entity or tax-deferred retirement account, such as an individual retirement account, you need to be aware of the possible tax consequences when the Fund makes distributions or when you sell shares. If you hold your investment in shares through a tax-exempt entity or tax-deferred retirement account, you should consult your own tax adviser to determine the tax consequences to you of an investment in the Fund’s shares.

Taxes on Dividends and Distributions

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, distributions of investment income are generally taxable as ordinary income or qualified dividend income to the extent of the Fund’s current and accumulated earnings and profits. Taxes on distributions of capital gains (if any) are determined by how long the Fund owned the investments that generated them, rather than how long you have owned the Fund’s shares. Sales of assets held by the Fund for more than one year generally result in long-term capital gains and losses, and sales of assets held by the Fund for one year or less generally result in short-term capital gains and losses. Distributions of the Fund’s net capital gain (the excess of realized net long-term capital gain over realized net short-term capital loss) that are properly reported by the Fund as capital gain dividends (“Capital Gain Dividends”) will be taxable to the Fund’s shareholders as long-term capital gains. For noncorporate shareholders, long-term capital gains are generally subject to tax at reduced rates. Distributions of short-term capital gain will be taxable to shareholders as ordinary income. Distributions of investment income properly reported by the Fund as “qualified dividend income” are generally taxed to noncorporate shareholders at the same rates applicable to long-term capital gains, provided holding periods and other requirements are met by the Fund and the shareholder. Distributions in excess of the Fund’s current and accumulated earnings and profits will first be treated as a non-taxable return of capital to the extent of a shareholder’s adjusted tax basis in its shares, and thereafter, as gain from the sale of shares. A shareholder’s adjusted tax basis in its shares will be reduced (but not below zero) by the amount of any distribution treated as a non-taxable return of capital.

In general, your distributions are subject to U.S. federal income tax in the year in which they are paid. Certain distributions paid in January, however, may be treated as paid on December 31 of the prior year. Distributions are generally taxable even if they are paid from income or gains earned by the Fund before your investment (and thus were included in the price you paid for your shares).

Distributions (other than Capital Gain Dividends and distributions properly reported by us as interest-related dividends or short-term capital gain dividends) paid to individual shareholders that are neither citizens nor residents of the United States or to non-U.S. entities (excluding pass-through entities or arrangements) will generally be subject to a U.S. withholding tax at the rate of 30%, unless a lower treaty rate applies.

The Fund (or financial intermediaries, such as brokers, through which shareholders own Fund shares) generally is required to backup withhold and remit to the U.S. Treasury a percentage of the distributions and sale or redemption proceeds paid to any shareholder who fails to properly furnish a correct U.S. taxpayer identification number, who was notified by the IRS that such shareholder has under-reported dividend or interest income, or who fails to certify that such shareholder is not subject to such withholding.

Taxes When Fund Shares are Sold

Any capital gain or loss realized upon a sale of Fund shares is generally treated as a long-term gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than one year. Any capital gain or loss realized upon a sale of Fund shares held for one year or less is generally treated as a short-term gain or loss, except that any capital loss on a sale of shares held for six months or less is treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent that Capital Gain Dividends were paid with respect to such shares. The ability to deduct capital losses may be limited depending on your circumstances.

Additional Medicare Tax

Dividends and distributions from the Fund and capital gain on the sale of Fund shares are generally taken into account in determining a shareholder's "net investment income" for purposes of the 3.8% Medicare contribution tax applicable to certain individuals, estates, and trusts.

Taxes on Creation and Redemption of Creation Units

An Authorized Participant that exchanges securities for Creation Units generally will recognize a gain or a loss equal to the difference between (i) the sum of the fair market value of the Creation Unit at the time of the exchange and any amount of cash received by the Authorized Participant in the exchange and (ii) the sum of the Authorized Participant's aggregate adjusted tax basis in the securities surrendered and any amount of cash paid. An Authorized Participant who redeems Creation Units will generally recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between (i) the sum of the aggregate U.S. dollar market value of the securities plus the amount of any cash received for such Creation Unit and (ii) the Authorized Participant's adjusted tax basis in the Creation Unit. The Internal Revenue Service, however, may assert that a loss that is realized by an Authorized Participant upon an exchange of securities for shares cannot be currently deducted under the rules governing "wash sales," or on the basis that there has been no significant change in economic position.

Persons exchanging securities or non-U.S. currency for Creation Units should consult their own tax adviser with respect to the tax treatment of any creation or redemption transaction.

ADDITIONAL NOTICES

Shares of the Fund are not sponsored, endorsed, or promoted by NYSE Arca. NYSE Arca has no obligation or liability to owners of Fund shares in connection with the administration, marketing, or trading of Fund shares. NYSE Arca is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination or calculation of the equation by which Fund shares are redeemable.

The Adviser and the Fund make no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of Fund shares or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Fund particularly.

USCF ETF TRUST
USCF DIVIDEND INCOME FUND
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the period of the Fund's operations. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). The information for the Fund has been derived from the financial statements audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd., whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements are included in the Fund's June 30, 2024 annual report, which is available upon request. The information for periods prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was audited by another independent registered public accounting firm.

	For the Year Ended June 30, 2024	For the Year Ended June 30, 2023	For the Period Ended June 30, 2022 ^(a)
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 25.23	\$ 23.42	\$ 25.18
Income (Loss) from Operations:			
Net Investment Income (Loss) ^(b)	0.74	0.73	0.06
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)	1.81	2.60	(1.82)
Total Income (Loss) from Operations	2.55	3.03	(1.76)
Less Distributions From:			
Net Investment Income	(0.72)	(1.22)	—
Capital Gain	—	(0.00) ^(c)	—
Total Distributions	(0.72)	(1.22)	—
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 27.06	\$ 25.23	\$ 23.42
Total Return^(d)	10.32%	11.19%	(7.00)%
Net Assets, End of Period (thousands)	\$ 5,818	\$ 5,676	\$ 5,270
Ratios of Average Net Assets:			
Expenses	0.65%	0.65%	0.65% ^(e)
Net Investment Income (Loss)	2.87%	2.95%	4.44% ^(e)
Portfolio Turnover Rate^(f)	28%	39%	0%

(a) Commencement of Operations, June 7, 2022.

(b) Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

(c) Greater than \$(0.005).

(d) Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Total return for a period less than one year is not annualized.

(e) Annualized.

(f) Portfolio turnover rate does not include securities received or delivered from processing in-kind creations or redemptions.

**USCF ADVISERS LLC
USCF ETF TRUST
PRIVACY POLICY**

*Effective Date: January 1, 2020
Last Updated: September 16, 2021*

Introduction

This document sets forth the Privacy Policy of USCF Advisers LLC (the “Company”), and the USCF ETF Trust (the “Trust”), and each series of the Trust (individually, a “Fund” and together, the “Funds”) relating to the collection, maintenance and use of nonpublic personal information about the Funds’ investors, as required under federal legislation. The Company is an investment adviser registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and a commodity pool operator registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission. This privacy policy applies to the nonpublic personal information of Fund investors who are individuals and who obtain financial products or services primarily for personal, family or household purposes.

Collection of Investor Information

In the course of doing business with Fund shareholders, the Company and the Trust may collect or have access to nonpublic personal information about Fund shareholders. “Nonpublic personal information” is personally identifiable financial information about Fund shareholders. For example, it includes Fund shareholders’ social security numbers, account balances, bank account information and investors’ holdings and transactions in shares of the Funds.

The Company and the Trust may collect this information from the following sources:

- Information about shareholder transactions with us and our service providers, or others;
- Information we receive from consumer reporting agencies (including credit bureaus);
- Information we may receive from shareholders.

Disclosure of Nonpublic Personal Information

The Company and the Trust do not sell or rent investor information of the Funds. The Company and the Trust only disclose nonpublic personal information collected about Fund investors as permitted by law. For example, the Company and the Trust may disclose nonpublic personal information about Fund investors:

- To companies that act as service providers in connection with the administration and servicing of the Funds, which may include attorneys, accountants, auditors and other professionals; maintain shareholder accounts, and in connection with the servicing or processing of transactions of the Trust or the Funds.
- To government entities, in response to subpoenas, court orders, judicial process or to comply with laws or regulations;
- To protect against fraud, unauthorized transactions (such as money laundering), claims or other liabilities, or to collect unpaid debts; and
- When shareholders direct us to do so or consent to the disclosure, including authorization to disclose such information to persons acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity on behalf of the investor.

Fund investors have no right to opt out of the disclosure by the Company or the Trust of non-public personal information under the circumstances described above.

Protection of Investor Information

The Company and the Trust hold Fund investor information in the strictest confidence. Accordingly, the Company's policy is to require that all employees, financial professionals and companies providing services on its behalf keep client information confidential. In addition, access to nonpublic personal information about shareholders is limited to our employees and in some cases to third parties (for example, the service providers described above) as permitted by law.

The Company and the Trust maintain safeguards that comply with federal standards to protect Fund investor information. The Company restricts access to the personal and account information of investors to those employees who need to know that information in the course of their job responsibilities. Third parties with whom the Company and the Trust share Fund investor information must agree to follow appropriate standards of security and confidentiality, which includes safeguarding such information physically, electronically and procedurally.

The privacy policy of the Company and the Trust applies to both current and former Fund investors. The Company and the Trust will only disclose nonpublic personal information about a former Fund investor to the same extent as for a current Fund investor.

Your California Privacy Rights

If you are a California resident, California law provides you with specific rights regarding your personal information, including the right to request that we disclose certain information to you about the collection and use of your personal information over the past 12 months; the right to request that we delete any of your personal information that we have collected from you, subject to certain exceptions; and the right to opt-out of the "sale" of your personal information, as defined by California law. To make such a request, contact us at 1-800-920-0259 or uscfinvestments.com. Please note that we are only required to respond to two such requests per customer each year.

You also have the right not to be discriminated against if you exercise any of your rights under California privacy law.

The Company may have collected the following categories of personal information of California residents in the past 12 months:

- Identifiers such as a name, Internet Protocol address, email address, or other similar identifiers.
- Categories of personal information described in subdivision (e) of California Civil Code Section 1798.80.
- Commercial information, including records of sales or purchases.
- Internet or other electronic network activity information.
- Geolocation data.
- Professional or employment-related information.

Please note that these rights do not apply to personal information collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act and implementing regulations. Please review the privacy notices in the Appendix below for more information about how we collect, process, sell, and disclose personal information pursuant to these laws and regulations.

This information is collected and used for the purposes disclosed in this Privacy Policy. The Company has not sold personal information of California residents in the past 12 months. The Company may have disclosed any of the above categories of personal information pursuant to an individual's consent or under a written contract with a service provider for a business purpose in the past 12 months.

Changes to Privacy Policy

The Company and the Trust may modify or amend this privacy policy from time to time. The Company will indicate the date when it was most recently updated and its effective date. If there are changes to the privacy policy in the future, a revised privacy policy with those changes will be communicated through an appropriate channel to Fund investors as long as they continue to be Fund investors.

**USCF ADVISERS LLC
USCF ETF TRUST
Privacy Notice**

FACTS	WHAT DO USCF ADVISERS LLC (THE “COMPANY”) AND THE USCF ETF TRUST (THE “ETF TRUST”) DO WITH PERSONAL INFORMATION?
Why?	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.
What?	<p>The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social Security number • account balances • account transactions • transaction history • wire transfer instructions • checking account information <p>When you are <i>no longer</i> our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.</p>
How?	All financial companies need to share customers’ personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers’ personal information; the reasons the Company and the ETF Trust choose to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Do we share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes - such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes - to offer our products and services to you	No	We don’t share
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don’t share
For our affiliates’ everyday business purposes - information about your transactions and experiences	Yes	No
For our affiliates’ everyday business purposes - information about your creditworthiness	No	We don’t share
For our affiliates to market to you	No	We don’t share
For non-affiliates to market to you	No	We don’t share
Questions? Call 1-800-920-0259 or go to www.uscfinvestments.com		

**USCF ADVISERS LLC
USCF ETF TRUST
Privacy Notice**

What we do	
How do the Company and the ETF Trust protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.
How do the Company and the ETF Trust collect my personal information?	<p>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ open an account ■ provide account information ■ give us your contact information ■ make a wire transfer ■ tell us where to send the money <p>We also collect your information from others, such as credit bureaus, affiliates, or other companies.</p>
Why can't I limit all sharing?	<p>Federal law gives you the right to limit only</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your creditworthiness ■ affiliates from using your information to market to you ■ sharing for non-affiliates to market to you <p>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</p>
Definitions	
Affiliates	<p>Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and non-financial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>Our affiliates include companies which are subsidiaries of USCF Investments, Inc., such as United States Commodity Funds LLC.</i>
Non-affiliates	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and non-financial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>The Company and the ETF Trust do not share with non-affiliates so they can market to you.</i>
Joint marketing	<p>A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <i>The Company and the ETF Trust do not conduct joint marketing.</i>

USCF ETF Trust

The SAI provides additional detailed information about the Fund. The Trust has electronically filed the SAI with the SEC. It is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus.

Additional information about the Fund's investments is available in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. In the annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during the last fiscal year, as applicable.

To make shareholder inquiries, for more detailed information about the Fund, or to request the SAI or annual or semi-annual shareholder reports, as applicable, free of charge, please:

Call: 1-800-920-0259
Monday through Friday
8:30 a.m. – 6:00 p.m. (Eastern Time)

Write: USCF ETF Trust
c/o ALPS Distributors, Inc.
1290 Broadway, Suite 1000
Denver, Colorado 80203

Visit: www.uscfinvestments.com

Reports and other information about the Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at www.sec.gov, and copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

No person is authorized to give any information or to make any representations about the Fund or its shares not contained in this Prospectus, and you should not rely on any other information. Read and keep this Prospectus for future reference.

USCF ETF Trust
1850 Mt. Diablo Blvd., Suite 640
Walnut Creek, CA 94596

The Fund is distributed by
ALPS Distributors, Inc.
1290 Broadway, Suite 1000
Denver, Colorado 80203

USCF Advisers® is a registered mark of United States Commodity Funds LLC

Investment Company Act File No. 811-22930
